#### MAKE THE RIGHT CALL





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# OVERTHROWS - OBR 5.06(B)(4)(G-I)

An overthrow occurs when a thrown ball from a defensive player leaves the playing field and enters dead ball territory. The award on an overthrow changes if the ball was thrown by a pitcher, an infielder, or an outfielder.



# The Pitcher

While in contact with the rubber, if the pitcher throws the ball out of play, each runner is entitled to advance one base.

If the pitcher steps off the rubber before throwing the ball out of play, the pitcher is now considered an infielder. The award will then become two bases from the time of the pickoff.

## The Infielders

On the first play by an infielder, each runner is awarded two bases from the time of the pitch. On the second play by an infielder, each runner is awarded two bases from the time of the throw.

# The Outfielders

When an outfielder throws the ball out of play, the award will be two bases from the time of the throw.

#### The Five Ways of Having a Play

- · Tag or attempted tag of a base
- Tag or attempted tag of a runner
- Throw to a fielder to retire a runner
- Rundown
- Balk

### Mechanics

When the ball leaves the playing field:

- Call 'TIME'
- Point at the runner(s)
- Base!" Say "You

Always award bases starting with the runne closest to home plat

#### Time of Pitch vs. Time of Throw

When awarding bases using the time of the pitch, each runner is entitled to advance from the base they occupied at the time of the pitch. Time of throw requires the umpires to know where the runners were at the time the ball was released by the fielder.